

Wider Curriculum Unit Plan for Home learning				
Subject: RE		Unit: Judaism	Year: 6	
Session	Lesson task			
Session 1	 What is Judaism You will need: pen, paper Watch this introduction to Judaism by Charlie aged 11: What is Judaism Create 4 headings for your new learning Eg Beliefs, Places, People, Lifestyle (use these or choose your own) Watch the video again and add what you have learned under each heading of your new learning about Judaism. This can be in bullet form or as paragraphs. Write 2 questions of something you would like to know more about or would like to clarify (these may be answered in next lessons) 			
Session 2	 What does the Shema tell us about Jewish beliefs? The Shema is the most important prayer in Judaism. It is housed in a mezuzah. Watch this clip Write down 3 new things that you learn about a mezuzah Look at the image below of the Shema and answer the following: What are 3 messages that we learn from it about Jewish beliefs? Extension: Look at this mezuzah. Hover over it and explore the fact file under the themes: what can you see, what do you know and what do you wonder 			
Session 3	 Why is the synagogue important to Jewish people? Look at the 3 images of synagogues below: What do you notice? What questions do you have? Do you notice any key features? Watch video guide to the New London Synagogue Replay video and write down a list of new words and what they mean associated with the synagogue, example: tallit – a prayer shawl Challenge: Create a child's guide to the synagogue above or do a voice over with Natasha's images or your own. Be bold! 			
Session 4	 What is the Torah and how is it important? See Lesson 4 Resource 1 below for what a Torah looks like. It is a Jewish Holy Book containing the first 5 books of Moses (which are in the Bible as well). It contains God's instructions about how Jews should live. Watch Charlie's video that describes the importance of the Torah Look at Lesson 4 Resource 2 below How do people show respect for the Torah? Cut out and rank the 8 ways, discuss with an adult at home. 			
Session 5	Think abouWatch thisCreate anReflection:	t some days that are spec video about <u>Shabbat</u> .	n lifestyle and what is Shabbat? cial to you. Why are they so special? Ind don'ts for Shabbat for a Jewish boy of would you miss or enjoy?	or girl

Session 6

Research lesson -

It is great to learn about Judaism.

- Choose 1 of the topics below to research
- Create a fact file for your new knowledge.

Here are a two topics:

Who was **Anne Frank**?

What are some Jewish festivals?

Is there another topic that you would like to explore, go ahead. Be bold, be brave and discover your wonder.

Session Resources Lesson 2

Image of the Shema in Hebrew and English

וְאָהַבְתָּ אַת יהוה אֱלֹהָיךְ You shall love Adonai your God בְּכָל לְבָבְךְ וּבְכֵל נַפְשִׁךְ with all your heart, with all your soul, וּבְכַל מִאֹדְךְ and with all your might. וְהָיוּ הַדְּבָרִים הָאֵלָה And these words אַשֶׁר אַנֹכִי מצוּך הַיוֹם which I command you today על לְבָבֶך shall be in your heart. וְשְׁנַנְתַם לְבַנֵיךְ You shall teach them diligently to your children ודברת בם and you shall speak of them בשבתך בביתך when you are sitting at home וּבְלַכְתָּךְ בַדֵּרֶךְ and when you go on a journey, וּבְשָׁכְבַּךְ when you lie down ובקומך. and when you rise up. וקשרתם לאות על ידך You shall bind them as a sign on your hand והיו לטטפת בין עיניך and they shall be jewels between your eyes. וכתבתם על מווות You shall inscribe them on the doorposts בַּיתַךְ וּבְשׁעַרִיךָ. of your house and on your gates.



Synagogue in Czech Republic

Synagogue in West End London



Synagogue in New York

Lesson 4 Resource 1 Image of a Torah



Lesson 4 Resource 2

@ **@** \ \ \ \ \ \

How do Jewish people show respect for the Torah?

Discuss with your partner which a the eight ways of showing respect for the Torah come top of the list in your opinion. Rank them from 1–8, giving reasons. Use the language 'more important than' and 'less significant than' to support your writing.

Do you know any signs of respect from other religions for their sacred books and writings, such as the Sikh Guru Granth Sahib, the Christ:an Bible or the Muslim Qur'an?

A. The Torah scroll is kept in a special cupboard, called an ark, at the synagogue. The cupboard is high up, as a reminder of Mount Sinai, the 2,300-metre mountain where Moses received the Torah.

B. The Torah scroll is created by a specially trained scribe who uses high-quality parchment. There are 304,805 letters in a Torah scroll, and each one is written totally by hand.

C. A scribe may take two years to write a Torah scroll, which is always done in the Hebrew language.

D. Jewish young people prepare for adult life by learning to read from the Torah, aloud, at synagogue for their Bar Mitzvah or Bat Mitzvah ceremony. Being grown up in Judaism means reading the Torah.



E. The Torah scroll is decorated or dressed with a crown (often made of silver) and a mantle (often made of gold-embroidered fabric) to show how much the words of the Almighty are valued.

F. Jewish people take note of, and live by, the 613 commandments of the Torah. The ultimate sign of respect is to do what the Torah says. G. A yad, or pointer, often made of silver, and in the shape of a tiny pointing hand, is used to help the reader to keep their place. Touching the scroll might make it dirty or smudge the ink.

H. If a Torah scroll becomes so used and old that it is at the end of its life, it is not thrown in the bin – it is buried with dignity!